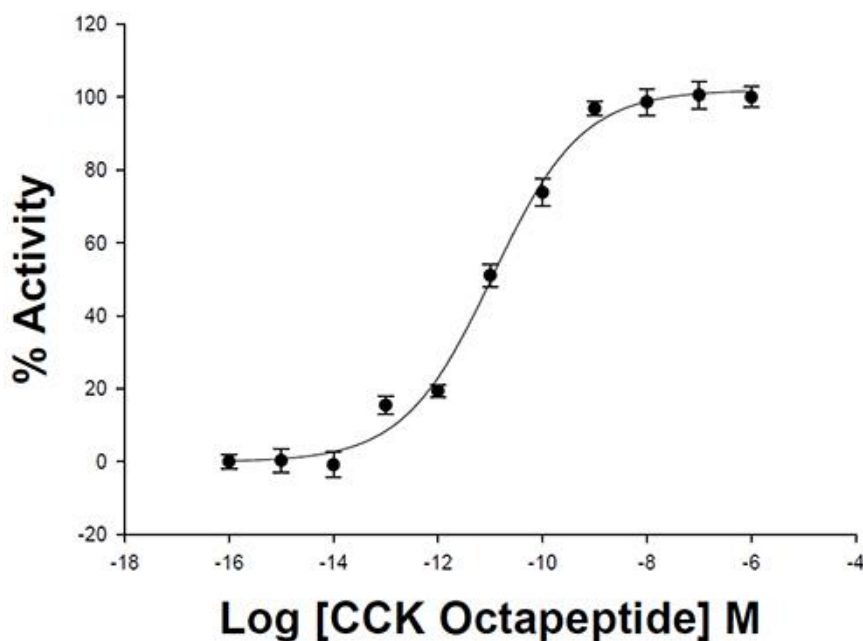
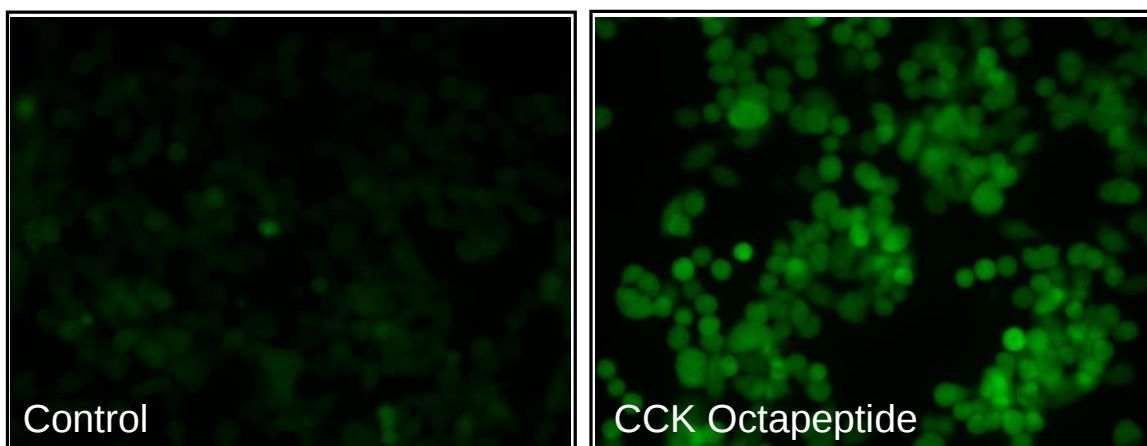


## Arrestin-NOMAD Cell Lines

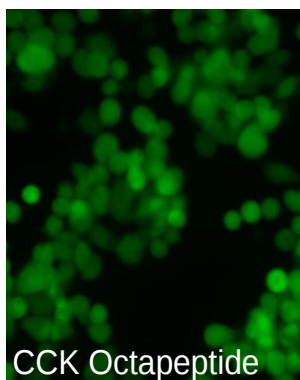
### -CHOLECYSTOKININ B RECEPTOR (CCKBR)-



Green Arrestin-Nomad-CCKBR (HEK293 cell line)

EC<sub>50</sub> CCK Octapeptide:  $1.12 \times 10^{-11}$  M

Z': 0.86 ± 0.01



**Product Name:** CCKBR *Arres*Nomad cell line

**Reference:** P70808

**Recp. Official Full Name:** Cholecystokinin B receptor

**DNA Accession Number:** AY322551

**Host Cell:** HEK293

**Resistance:** Hygromycin + Puromycin

**Quantity:** > 3 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells / vial

**Storage:** Liquid Nitrogen

### **Assay Briefly description**

Each vial of green *Arres*Nomad-CCKBR contains U2OS cells stably expressing green *Arres*Nomad biosensor and Cholecystokinin B receptor (with no tag).

Innoprot's green *Arres*Nomad-CCKBR cell line has been designed to assay compounds or analyze their capability to modulate Cholecystokinin B receptor. When an agonist binds to CCKBR a G protein is activated which, in turn, triggers a cellular response mediated by calcium and a subsequent internalization mediated by  $\beta$ -Arrestin.

This cell line has been validated measuring Arrestin-mediated internalization analyzing green *Arres*Nomad biosensor distribution within the cell. This cell line allows the image analysis of the stimuli induced by the compounds.

This highly reproducible assay has been validated using CCK Octapeptide as agonist in a Fluorescence Microplate Reader.

### **About Green *Arres*Nomad Biosensor**

Green *Arres*Nomad Biosensor is a fluorescent polypeptide that measures fluctuations in Arrestin signalling pathway changing its localization and fluorescent intensity emission within the cell.

An increase in the second messenger concentration leads to a change in the structural folding of Nomad Biosensor that promotes a conformational change and an increase in the fluorescence.

In a cell line co-expressing Green *Arres*Nomad Biosensor and a GPCR, the activity can be easily quantified on living cells by image analysis or fluorescence emission in a microplate reader.

## $\beta$ -Arrestin Assay

Green <sub>Arres</sub>Nomad HEK293 cells, stably expressing Cholecystokinin B Receptor (CCKBR), were stimulated with 9 log dilution series ranging from 0 to 1  $\mu$ M of CCK Octapeptide during 24h (n=8).

% Activity was calculated relative to positive (1  $\mu$ M).

### Fluorescence intensity analysis

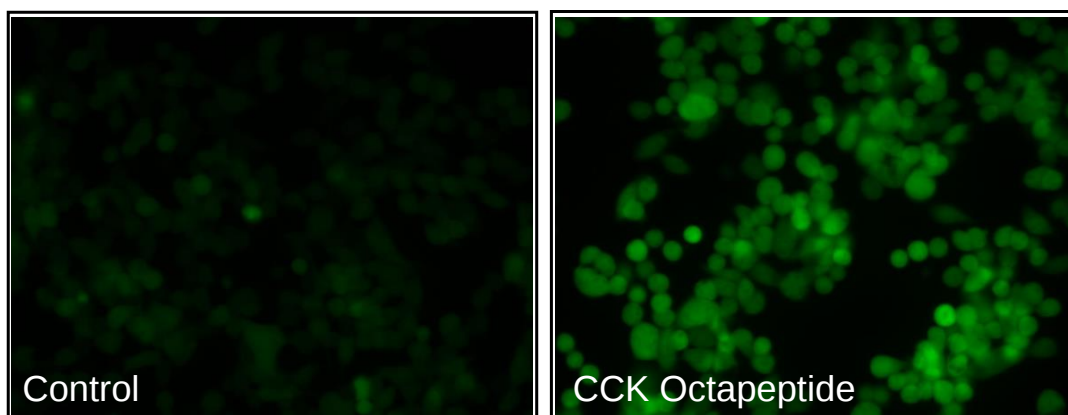


Fig 1. Green <sub>Ar</sub>Nomad biosensor negative control and CCK Octapeptide stimulation.

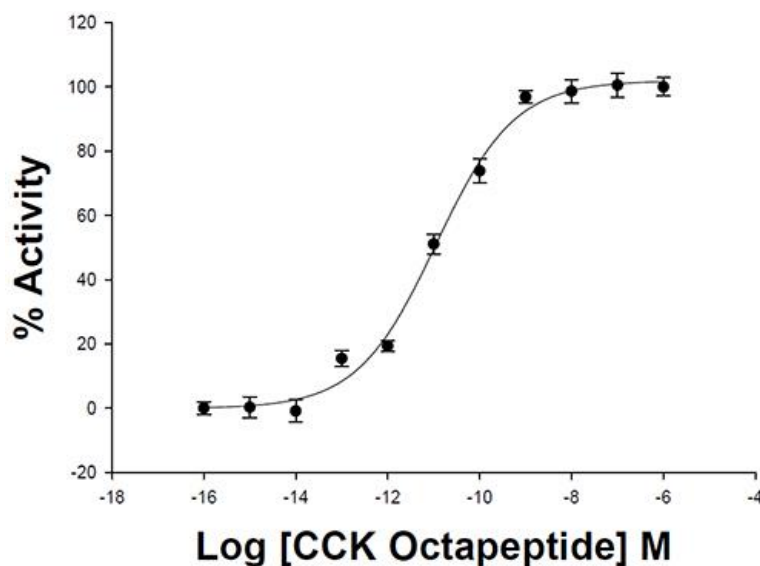


Fig 2. Concentration-response curve for CCK Octapeptide in Green <sub>Arres</sub>Nomad-CCKBR cell line analyzed using “Synergy 2” microplate reader from Biotek. The EC<sub>50</sub> for CCK Octapeptide was 1.12x10<sup>-11</sup> M after a treatment of 24 h with the agonist. The assay was validated with an average of Z' = 0.86+/-0.01.