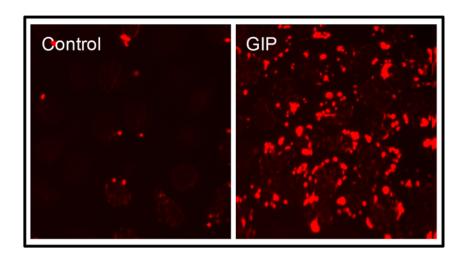
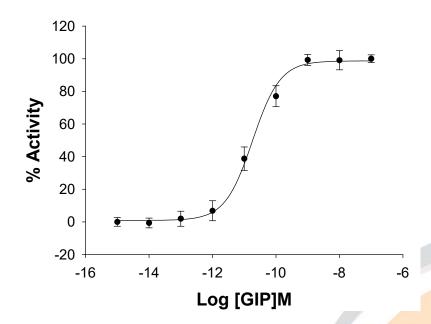


CAMP Nomad-FP650 cell lines

Human Gastric Inhibitory Polypeptide Receptor (GIP-R)



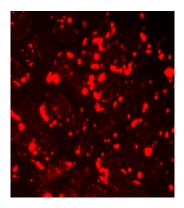


Red CAMPNomad-GIPR (U2OS cell line)

EC₅₀ GIP: 1,83x10⁻¹¹ M

Z': 0.84+/- 0.01





Product Name: GIPR cAMP Nomad cell line

Reference: P70529

Official Name: Human Gastric Inhibitory Polypeptide Receptor

DNA Accession Number: NP 000155

Host Cell: U2OS

Resistance: G418 + Puromycin **Quantity:** $> 3 \times 10^6$ cells / vial

Storage: Liquid Nitrogen

📀 Assay Briefly description

Each vial of campNomad GIPR contains U2OS cells stably expressing campNomad-FP650 biosensor and human gastric inhibitory polypeptide receptor (with no tag).

Innoprot campNomad GIPR cell line has been designed to assay compounds or analyze their capability to modulate gastric inhibitory polypeptide receptor. When an agonist binds to GIPR a G protein is activated, which in turn, triggers a cellular response mediated by cAMP. This cell line has been validated measuring cAMP decrease in the cytosol analyzing campNomad biosensor distribution within the cell. This cell line allows the image analysis of the stimuli induced by the compounds.

This highly reproducible assay has been validated using GIP as agonist in a High Throughput Analysis (HTA).

S About Red CAMPNomad Biosensor

Red campNomad Biosensor is a fluorescent polypeptide that in the presence or absence of cAMP changes its localization within the cell. Before cAMP production stimulation, the fluorescent biosensor is localized in the cellular membrane. An increase/decrease in this second messenger concentration leads to a change in the structural folding of red campNomad Biosensor promoting its cellular relocation in the vesicular trafficking of the cells.

In a cell line co-expressing red campNomad Biosensor and a GPCR of interest, the activity can be easily quantified on living cells by image analysis of fluorescence granularity or fluorescence intensity analysis.



📀 cAMP **Assay**

Red $_{\text{cAMP}}$ Nomad U2OS cells, stably expressing gastric inhibitory polypeptide receptor (GIPR), were stimulated with 8 log dilution series ranging from 0 to 100 μ M of GIP during 24h (n=5). % Activity was calculated relative to positive (100 μ M).

Intensity analysis

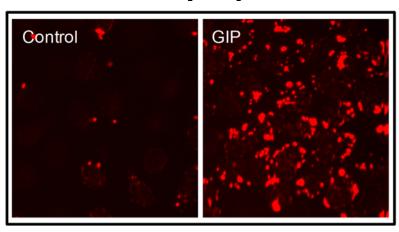


Fig1. Red $_{\text{cAMP}}$ Nomad biosensor negative control and GIP stimulation.

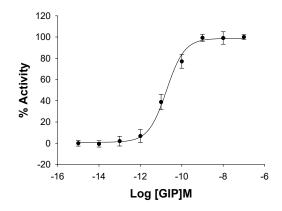


Fig2. Concentration response curve for gastric inhibitory polypeptide receptor cell line analyzed using "Synergy 2" microplate reader from Biotek. The Ec_{50} for GIP was 1,83x10⁻¹¹ M after a treatment of 24 h with the agonist. The assay was validated with an average of Z' = 0.84 + /- 0.01.