



# **CAMPNOMAD ADORA3**

## P70524-01R

Nomad Biosensors™ comprise a family of genetically encoded fluorescent sensors designed to monitor the signaling of G proteincoupled receptors (GPCRs) in cell-based assays.

Nomad Biosensors™ are engineered to measure the intracellular dynamics of second messengers such as calcium (Ca²+ Nomad), cAMP (cAMP Nomad), or diacylglycerol (DAG Nomad) upon GPCR activation. Additionally, β-arrestin signaling can also be studied using these biosensors. Nomad Biosensors™ can be combined in the same cell line for multiplex assays.

Prior to GPCR activation, the biosensors are localized in the plasma membrane. Upon ligand binding, the sensors undergo a conformational change that leads to an increase in fluorescence intensity and their relocalization within the vesicular trafficking pathways of the cells.

## **cAMP** Assay

Product Name: campNomad-ADORA3 Receptor Cell Line

Reference: P70524-01R

Gene Name: Adenosine A3 Receptor (ADORA3)

cDNA Accession Number: NM\_000677

**Host Cell Line:** HEK293

**Selection Markers:** Geneticin (G418) + Hygromycin

**Cell Quantity:** > 3x10<sup>6</sup> cells/vial

**Storage Conditions:** Liquid Nitrogen

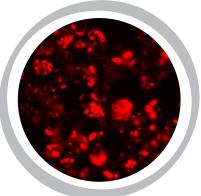
#### About campNomad-ADORA3

Nomad cell lines are a reliable system for studying G protein-coupled receptor (GPCR) signaling in living cells.

Optimized for the integration into High Content Screening (HCS) and High Throughput Screening (HTS) workflows, campNomad-ADORA3 Receptor Cell Line stably express red campNomad Biosensor along with the Adenosine A3 Receptor (ADORA3).

Control IB-MECA





### **cAMP Agonism & Antagonism Assays**

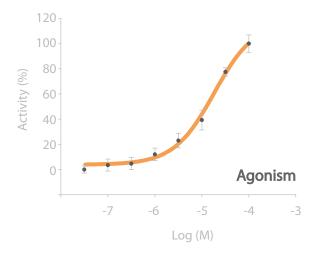
The campNomad-ADORA3 Receptor Cell Line was plated in a 96-well plate and incubated for a minimum of 4 hours and up to 24 hours at 37°C with 5% CO<sub>2</sub> to allow the cells to attach to the plate surface.

**Agonism Assay**: Cells were incubated with IB-MECA diluted in a serum-reduced medium for 20–24 hours.

Antagonism Assay: Cells were incubated with Xanthine amine congener diluted in  $1\mu$ M NECA serum-reduced medium for 20-24 hours.

The increase (Agonism Assay) or decrease (Antagonism Assay) in the fluorescence intensity of the red camp Nomad biosensor (% Activity) was detected and analyzed using a microplate reader.

EC<sub>50</sub> IB-MECA: 1.88 x10<sup>-5</sup> M Z': 0.71+/- 0.01



IC<sub>50</sub> Xanthine: 4.72x10<sup>-9</sup> M Z': 0.73+/- 0.01

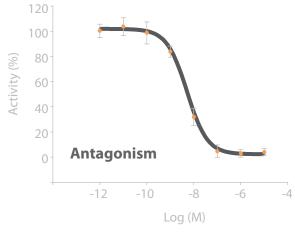


Figure 1. Dose-response curves for ADORA3 ligands.

**Top:** concentration response curve for IB-MECA in the agonism assay.

**Bottom:** concentration response curve for Xanthine amine congenerfor the antagonism assay. The % Activity corresponds to the fluorescence intensity emitted by the red cample cample dissensor normalized against the controls.



