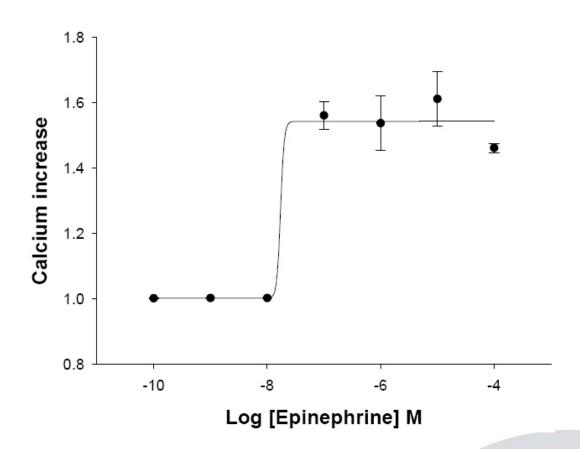


HiTSeeker CELL LINES (LABEL-FREE GPCRS)

-ALPHA-1A ADRENERGIC RECEPTOR CELL LINE -



Product name: ADRA1A (α_{1A} adrenoreceptor)/U2OS cell line

Ec₅₀ Epinephrine: 1.7x 10⁻⁸ M

Z': 0.9 +/- 0.02



REF: P30140

- ALPHA-1A ADRENERGIC RECEPTOR CELL LINE -

Product Name: ADRA1A (α_{1A} adrenoreceptor)/U2OS

Official Full Name: Alpha-1A adrenergic Receptor

DNA Accesion Number: GenBank: NM_000680

Host Cell: U2OS

Format: Cryopreserved vials

Resistance: Puromycin

Size: P30140: 2 vials of 3 x 10^6 proliferative cells

P30140-DA: 1 vial of 2.5x10⁶ division-arrested cells

Storage: Liquid Nitrogen

🔊 Assay Briefly description

Each vial of HiTSeeker ADRA1A contains U2OS cells stably expressing human alpha-1A adrenergic receptor with no tag.

HiTSeeker ADRA1A cell line has been designed to assay compounds or analyze their capability to modulate Alpha-1A adrenergic Receptor. When the agonist binds to ADRA1A a G protein is activated, which in turn, triggers a cellular response mediated by second messengers (Calcium).

This cell line has been validated measuring calcium increase in the cytosol. The high reproducibility of this assay allows monitoring ADRA1A activation process in High Throughput Screening.

About ADRA1A

Alpha-1-adrenergic receptors (alpha-1-ARs) are members of the G protein-coupled receptor superfamily. There are 3 alpha-1-AR subtypes: alpha-1A, -1B and -1D, all of which signal through the Gq/11 family of G-proteins.

The α (1)-adrenergic receptor (AR) subtypes (α (1a), α (1b), and α (1d)) mediate some physiological effects of epinephrine and norepinephrine.

The α_1 -AR subtypes are expressed in several organs like brain or heart in which they modulate a diversity of functional effects such as modulation of neurotransmission, vasoconstriction, etc.



🔊 Assay Characterization

Our expression plasmid contains the coding sequence of human ADRA1A protein. Our plasmid was transfected in U2OS cells. Resistant clones were obtained by limit dilution and receptor gene expression was tested by RT-PCR using GAPDH as internal control (Fig.1).

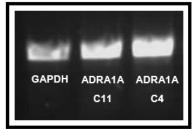


Fig.1. GAPDH housekeeping gene and ADRA1A

Clone 11 and Clone 4 RT-PCR.

Validation of ADRA1A cell line

Calcium assay:

Clone11: (EC₅₀ =1.7 x 10^{-8} M) Clone 4: (EC₅₀ =8.2 x 10^{-8} M)

A typical fluorescent calcium assay was performed using Fura-2/AM ratiometric. Calcium increase inside the cell was measured using the ratio of the fluorescence from Fura2 bound and not bound to the ion. Image acquisition was performed using a "BD Pathway 855" High-Content Bioimager from BD Biosciences.

Cells were incubated with Fura2-AM and treated with increasing Epinephrine concentrations.

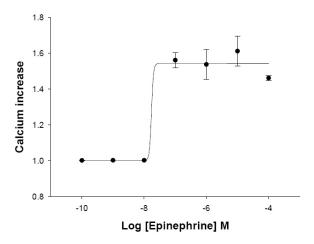


Fig.2. ADRA1A-Clone 11 dose response in calcium assay. Cells were treated with Epinephrine concentrations ranging from 0 to 10 μ M, n=6. The EC50 for Epinephrine was "1.7x10" M. The calcium assay was validated with a Z´= 0.90+/- 0.02 for High Content Screening.

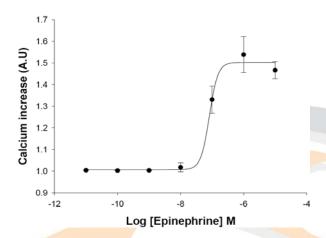


Fig.3. ADRA1A-Clone 4 dose response in calcium assay. Cells were treated with Epinephrine concentrations ranging from 0 to 10 μ M, n=6. The EC50 for Epinephrine was *8.2×10* M. The calcium assay was validated with a Z'= 0.72+/- 0.02 for High Content Screening.